the First Congregational Church. On May 3, 1888, she married Dr. Frank D. Bullard, with whom she has been associated in practice since that time. They have one daughter, Helen.

Dr. Bullard was fitted by training and temperament for her chosen work. A close observer, endowed with good judgment, she was painstaking and gentle in her work, possessing the confidence of her patients, the respect of the profession, and the love of every one who knew her. Though quiet in word and action, she possessed the courage of her convictions and the initiative to independently carry out her decisions. The medical profession, and more especially the women physicians of California, have met with a genuine loss in the death of Dr. Rose Bullard.

DR. G. I. CASON.

Dr. G. I. Cason, a pioneer practitioner of Colusa County, following an attack of paralysis from which he suffered on January 15th, died on the evening of January 17th at the family home in Sixth street, Colusa. His wife and sister, Mrs. J. F. Ellison, were with him when the end came.

Dr. Cason was one of the best known men in Colusa County, and popular with a wide circle of friends who were shocked and grieved at his sudden death.

Dr. Cason came to California in 1877, and had been a resident of this state, most of the time living in Red Bluff, except for three years when he was practicing in Oregon.

TO TELL RECENT VICTORIES IN WAR ON TROPICAL DISEASES.

The achievements which science is scoring in the great war against the tropical diseases are to be described in a series of public lectures by members of the faculty of the University of California Medical School at 10 o'clock on Saturday mornings beginning Saturday, January 15, at the University of California Hospital, on Second and Parnassus avenues, San Francisco.

Since the white man's opportunity to live and work in the tropics is dependent upon control of the tropical diseases, tropical medicine is regarded by the University as of particular importance to California and to San Francisco, because of the increasing commercial relations between California and tropical countries.

The lectures at ten o'clock every Saturday morning from January 15 to April 22, in the amphitheatre of the University Hospital, will be followed at eleven o'clock by clinical demonstrations, the discussion of clinical histories, and demonstrations of specimens and pictures.

The lectures (from and after March 1) all open to the public, will be as follows:

March 4—Dr. H. F. Nichols, "Spirochaetiases."

March 11—Dr. Billings, "The More Important Helminthiases."

March 18-Dr. K. F. Meyer, "Yellow Fever, Dengue, and Pappataci."

March 25—Dr. K. F. Meyer, "Typhus, Spotted Fever and Verruga Peruviana."

April 1—Dr. Howard Morrow, Clinical Professor of Dermatology, "Leprosy and Tropical Skin Diseases."

April 8-Dr. Billings, "Beriberi and Pellagra," with demonstrations.

April 15—Dr. E. L. Walker, "Parasitic Insects and the Role of Insects in the Transmission of Tropical Diseases."

April 22—Dr. K. F. Meyer, "Tropical Hygiene and Sanitation—Summary of the Present-day Achievements."

SAFETY FIRST.

As a further step to safeguard the life of passengers from accident, Western railroads from the first of February will prohibit the carrying of motion picture films in passenger cars. The celluloid of which the films are made is a highly combustible substance, and the railroads fear that a chance contact with fire might end in disaster.

This action follows that already taken by railroads of the country located in the East and Middle West. A passenger on a suburban train running out of Chicago recently carried into the combination smoking and baggage car four reels of motion picture films and placed it on the floor between the seats. In some way, presumably by a lighted match dropped by a smoker, the films were set off and an explosion occurred in which 38 persons were badly burned, two fatally. As a result railroads are no longer willing to submit their customers to such a hazard.

When films are sent by express, they can be inspected when received for shipment, and carried in the safe manner laid down by the packing rules of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

This ruling has been recommended by the American Railway Association, the Bureau for Safe Transportation of Explosives.

AMERICAN FIRST AID CONFERENCE.

As Secretary of the American First Aid Conference I would appreciate very much if you would publish a short abstract of my article "First Aid to the Injured," which appeared in the January number of Surgery, Gynecology and Obstetrics (page 21). See also "The Military Surgeon," January 16, page 44.

In this article I discuss the methods of survey with suggestions to the Special First Aid Committee of your State Medical Association which, I trust, has been appointed.

At the last meeting of the National Board of First Aid Standardization in Washington, a resolution was passed requesting these committees to make their report to the Secretary of the American First Aid Conference, who will forward such reports to the Board of Standardization. The Board of Standardization recently appointed by the President of the United States is as follows:

reports to the Board of Standardization. The Board of Standardization recently appointed by the President of the United States is as follows:

Dr. Richard H. Harte, Philadelphia, chairman, representing the American Surgical Association; Assistant Surgeon-General W. C. Rucker, secretary, representing the U. S. Public Health Service; Dr. J. Shelton Horsely, Richmond, Va., representing the American Medical Association (surgical secretary); Dr. Samuel C. Plummer, Chicago, Ill., representing the American Association of Railway Surgeons; Dr. John P. Kaster, Topeka, Kansas, representing the Association of Railway Chief Surgeons; Major Robert U. Patterson, Medical Corps, U. S. A., representing the War Department and the American Red Cross; Surgeon A. M. Fauntleroy, U. S. Naval Medical School, representing the Navy Department; Colonel Louis A. LaGarde, U. S. A., retired, representing the War Department.

I plan from time to time to send your Journal items of interest in regard to the first aid survey, and I hope to stimulate among the profession in your State the writing of some special articles on first aid, which I trust you will publish in your Journal

in your Journal.

I would appreciate a copy of your Journal in which items of interest on first aid are published.

Very sincerely yours,

JOSEPH C. BLOODGOOD,

Secretary A. F. A. C.